

Stroke Discharge Education

For patients who have had a stroke or are at risk for stroke

Take this handout home with you. It has important phone numbers, websites and information about next steps and preventing stroke. Please share this information with your primary care doctor, family and friends.

What is a stroke?

Stroke is the fourth-leading cause of death in the United States and the number one cause of serious long-term disability.

A stroke occurs when the blood supply to the brain is blocked, or a blood vessel breaks causing brain cells to die. Brain cells do not regenerate, and brain death can cause symptoms like:

- Inability to move one side of the body,
- Numbness on one side of the body
- Imbalance, speech or visual problems.

People who have had one stroke, are at risk of having another stroke. You can take medications and make lifestyle changes that can help prevent additional strokes.

What are the Warning Signs of Stroke?

Call 911 right away if you or someone you know has any of the following symptoms of Stroke:

- Balance is off, difficulty walking or vertigo
- Eyesight changes or trouble seeing (loss of vision or double vision)
- Face is uneven (facial drooping, drooling or facial numbness)
- Arm or Leg weakness on one side
- Speech is difficult (slurred or confused speech)
- Time is very important DO NOT DELAY CALL 911
- Not all the warning signs occur in every stroke.
- Strokes may be associated with a sudden, severe headache.
- Don't ignore signs of stroke, even if they go away!
 - Stroke symptoms are typically sudden but may worsen or fluctuate over days.
- Check the time.
 - When did the first warning sign or symptom start?
 - Clot busting medications that may restore blood flow to the brain and reduce long-term disability can be given only within 3-4 hours of symptoms.
- IF YOU THINK YOU ARE HAVING A STROKE DO NOT DELAY CALL 911



What type of stroke did I have?

	☐ Ischemic stroke is caused by a blockage (embolism) or narrowing (artery) that brings oxygen and nutrients to the brain. The brain tiss its blood supply can die within a few minutes unless the blood supply can die within a few minutes unles	sue that no longer receives
	☐ Transient Ischemic attack (TIA) is a type of brief ischemic stroke or decreased temporally and causes symptoms of a stroke that respermanent damage to the brain. A TIA is often a warning sign and larger stroke.	solve without treatment or
	☐ Hemorrhagic Stroke is a type of stroke where the blood vessels i is bleeding into the brain.	n the brain break and there
Wha	What are my next steps?	
	☐ Follow up with your primary care doctor within 1 week from d	ischarge
	☐ My appointment is with:Date:	Time:
	☐ Follow-up with a neurologist within 2 weeks from discharge	
	☐ Follow-up with a cardiologist within 2 weeks from discharge	
	☐ Follow-up with a vascular doctor within 2 weeks from discharge	
	☐ Follow-up with therapy services	
	Physical therapy	
	☐ Occupational therapy	
	☐ Speech therapy	
	☐ Follow-up for additional testing/imaging (zio, mri, echo etc)	
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If you live in the local area and plan to follow up with Tahoe Forest providers, the above referrals will be placed prior to discharge and we will contact you to make an appointment with the specialist.

If you live outside of the local area, please see your primary care doctor to help coordinate follow-up appointments, therapy and additional testing.

Important Phone Numbers:

To schedule or change appointments call the Tahoe Forest Access Center at (530) 582 - 6205

If you are having difficulty scheduling appointments or testing in the Tahoe Forest Health System, call the **Tahoe Forest Stroke Care Coordinator at (530) 550 – 6715** (In office Wed, Thur, & Fri).



What are my personal risk factors for stroke and how can I decrease my risk?

High bl	ood pressure	
0 3	Start a healthy diet and daily exercise	
0 7	Take medications to lower your blood pressure	
o F	Follow up with your primary care doctor regularly to ensure blood pressure goals	
High C	holesterol	
0 3	Start a healthy diet and daily exercise as well	
0 7	Take medications to lower your cholesterol	
o F	Follow up with your primary care doctor regularly to ensure cholesterol goals	
□ Diabetes		
0 \$	Start a healthy diet and daily exercise	
0	Take medications to control your blood sugar	
o F	Follow up with your primary care doctor regularly to ensure blood sugar goals	
☐ Heart problems		
o F	Follow up with cardiologist to ensure all heat problems are optimized	
☐ Irregula	ar Heartbeat (Atrial fibrillation or Atrial Flutter)	
o F	Follow up with cardiologist for treatment of atrial fibrillation/flutter	
0	Take anticoagulant medications to lower your risk of atrial fibrillation causing stroke	
☐ Clotting disorder		
0	Take anticoagulant medications to lower your risk of clots causing stroke	
☐ Overweight or lack of exercise		
	Start a healthy diet and daily exercise	
o F	Follow up with your primary care doctor regularly to ensure weight goals	
-	alcohol use, illegal drugs, nicotine Products	
	Limit or stop alcohol use	
	Quit smoking or using illegal drugs	
	Your primary care doctor can help with medications and programs to help cut back or	
	stop using alcohol, illegal drugs or nicotine.	
☐ Other		
0		
NOTES:		



Where can I learn more about strokes at get support?

- Tahoe Forest Stoke Website
 - o Information about stoke, risk modification and lifestyle diet education
 - <u>https://www.tfhd.com/conditions/stroke/</u> or scan the QR code
- The Wise Mind Series A Brain Health Education Series
 - First Wednesday each month from 4:00-5:30p
 - o Tahoe Forest Hospital Eskridge Conference Room
 - o Contact (530) 587-3769 for more information
- FREED Brain Injury Support Group
 - 1st Thursday of every month from 11-12:30p
 - 10075 Levon Ave, Truckee CA 96161
 - o Coordinator: Beverly Morrow (530) 477-3333
 - Website: www.FREED.org
- National resources for stroke survivors and their families
 - Stroke Family Warm Line: 1-888-4-STROKE (1-888-478-7653)
 - American Stoke Association team member can provide support and information
 - 8:30 a.m. and 5 p.m. CT Monday through Friday
 - American Stroke Association
 - www.strokeassociation.org
 - National Stroke Association
 - www.stroke.org
 - Penumbra
 - https://www.penumbrainc.com/patients/
- Resources for lifestyle modification
 - AHA Diet and Lifestyle Recommendations
 - https://www.heart.org/en/healthy-living/healthy-eating/eat-smart/nutritionbasics/aha-diet-and-lifestyle-recommendations
 - CDC Stop Smoking
 - https://www.cdc.gov/tobacco/campaign/tips/quit-smoking/index.html
 - CDC Get Started with Drinking Less
 - https://www.cdc.gov/drink-less-be-your-best/getting-started-with-drinking-less/index.html





unsteadiness, dizziness, or Does the person complain of sudden onset of BALANCE difficulty walking? FOREST TAHOE SYSTEM HEALTH seeing dark spots blurred vision, Complaints of narrowing, EYES CALL THE CHARGE NURSE OR TRIAGE NURSE ASAP FACE complain of facial Does the person numbness or drooping? TIME IS BRAIN or leg numbness complain of arm Does the person ARMS or weakness? SPEECH words sound slurred or garbled? Do their Nurse and get the STROKE ALERT Charge/Triage TRIAGE Call the

STROKE SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS

or bright spots?